THEY COULDN'T RUN ON WIND

The Bank of Omaha Forced to Admit Its Insolvency.

POOR PETER'S GOOSE IS COOKED

The Hotel Reeper Will Probably Be Compelled to Bear the Weight of the Concern's Liabilities-A Bursted Bubble.

Staggered By a Check.

Late yesterday afternoon it was rumored In financial circles that the Bank of Omaha was in a shaky condition, and about to suspend. The managers of the institution managed, however, by a deal of hustling, to meet demands upon them until the close of banking hours, when they announced that the bank was insolvent and unable to meet further demands of creditors.

The announcement created considerable surprise, although the weak condition of the institution has been generally known in financial circles for some months past; in fact, from the organization of the bank under its present management.

The bank is located at 601 South Thirteenth street. C. P. Needham, ex-county clerk, is president, and Frank Wasserman, late teller of the United States National bank, cashier. The bank was established in '886 by Mr. A. Henry, a present director of the Commercial National bank. Mr. Henry also was engaged in the banking business at Fre mont, and was rated as worth nearly half a mont, and was rated as worth nearly haif a million dollars. He placed \$25,000 in actual cash in the Bank of Omaha, and did a successful and profitable business. He desired to sell the property, and about a year ago found purchasers in C. P. Needham and Frank Wasserman. At the time Wasserman was reported to have drawn \$30,000 in the Louising a state letter, and the with the fact that ana state lottery, and this, with the fact that he was paying teller of the United States National, secured a fair credit for the new

It transpires row, however, that Wasser-man's lottery ticket only called for \$15,000, and that all of that sum was required to square his accounts with the United States National. Needham's finances were also low, and the new firm only purchased from Mr. Henry the fixtures in the institution. Some difficulty was experienced in adjusting the incorporation agreements, the bank in the meantime running along in a loose man

Last fall an incorporation was effected, Peter Goes and Mrs. M. B. Powell being the principal shareholders, and the capital stock fixed at \$100,000. The bank's paper was protested in Chicago within a few days after the incorporation. The managers explained that this was due to the fact that they had not yet fully arranged for their correspondents, and were hardly in a position to do business. This explanation, coupled with Mr. Goos' well known financial standing, was accepted by the bank's creditors, and they were allowed to continue in business. The institution, however, failed frequently to make good its clearings, and thereby lost the confidence of the national banks.

It is a rule of the national banks to exclude from the clearings house all banks that have a capital of less than \$200,000. The custom is for banks with a capital less than this amount to make clearings through some na-tional bank. When the first protests were made against the bank the managers of the national banks of the city, after consultation, decided to give the bank a show, and since that time the banks have taken turns in help. ing the Bank of Omaha through the clearings

Last December, in his first statement to the state auditor, Wasserman showed that the bank had on deposit \$44,000. Last week he made a statement to the manager of one of the national banks that the deposits on hand at present amount to \$60,000. Two weeks ago another protest against the bank was made, and the managers of the local national banks again helped the institution

On Saturday a commercial agency requested Wasserman to make a statement of the bank's condition. The cashier refused to do this. Such an action on the part of a that is that the institution is unable to make a showing, as all properly conducted bank-ing institutions have their books in shape to make a showing at the end of each day's business. Upon Wasserman's refusal to make a statement, the Commercial agency notified the parties directly interested o the bank's condition. This brought to the city the assistant cashier of S. A. Keene & Co., of Chicago, who held rediscounts of the bank amounting to \$2,000. After a good deal of skirmishing, the bank managed to meet Then the Commercial National bank,

Then the Commercial National bank, which had helped the Bank of Omaha through the clearings house, had to return the checks to the various banks, as the bank had no money to meet the clearings claims. Yesterday the firm of Sloan, Johnson & Co. drew a check for \$800 against a deposit of more than double that amount. The cashier informed Mr. Johnson that he did not have currency on hand to meet the de mand, but would give him a certified check. Mr. Johnson refused to accept this offer and gave the bank an hour in which to raise funds to meet the check. The money was There are a number of rumors current as

to the bank's condition, but no reliable state-ment could be secured last night. Cashier Wasserman's own statement is to the effect that the bank owes its depositors nearly \$60,000. When seen by a BEE reporter he declined to say anything about the affairs of the bank, or its suspension of payment.
"Come around to-morrow," said he, "and I will tell you all about it then. It may be

rather serious, and we may be able to fix it up. We hope to, at least." But THE BEE will make some mention of

it, and would like the facts from you to-night," said the reporter. "Well, I can't say anything about it until to morrow."
That was all Mr. Wasserman would say.

It is understood that most of the deposit-ors are merchants doing business on South Thirteenth street, and the proprietors of the

fruit peddling establishments scattered throughout the city.
The burden of the failure will fall upon Peter Goes and W. B. Powell, who will probably be called upon to make good all shortages. Under the new banking law, which went into effect June 1, any bank official or employe who receives deposits while knowing the bank to be insolvent, is Hable to a fine of \$10,000 or imprisonment in the penitentiary for a term not exceeding five years, or both. This will necessitate the payment by the bank of all deposit claims, as its managers received deposits up to the

ciose of business hours yesterday.

A prominent bank official, in speaking to a reporter, last night, said: "This failure must pression. The banks of Omaha have more money than is required of them. The last bank statement shows that there is on de-25 per cent legal reserve on this amount re-quired by the government would be \$3,500,-000. As a matter of fact, the Omaha banks have a cash reserve on hand of \$7,500,000, 40 per cent of the amount of deposits, and 15 per cent more than the amount required by the government for safe banking. The banks are in excellent shape. The present failure is a natural result of trying to run a bank without capital."

The Veteran Fireman.

At the meeting of the veteran firemen last evening it was decided to accept the invitation of the Council Bluffs are department to take part in the procession next Wednesday, the second day of the firemen's tournament. The veterans will wear their regular badge.

Messrs. Fisher, Sheeley and Baumer were
appointed as the committee on music: The
following committee of nine, consisting of seven veterans and two paid firemen, was appointed to entertain guests who came over to Omaha: Messrs. Goldsmith, Zimmerman, Kennedy, Baumer, Sheeley, Maurer, Lich tenberger, Farrish and Coulter. The veter ans will meet at their headquarters at 9 a. m. sharp, on Wednesday.

Swift's Specific cured me of ugly and very painful boils or risings. I had twenty-three on my back and neck at one time and a great many on my body. I took S. S. S., and two bottles cured me. This was five years ago, and have had no boils since.

W. M. Miller, Arlington, Texas.

THE HUMANE SOCIETY.

It Will Take Up the Dog Killing Ques tion Next Sunday Evening.

The reckless and indiscriminate killing of dogs on the streets of Omaha is meeting with considerable opposition, especially by the members of the Humane society, and a meeting was called at the Paxton hotel last evening to take action in the matter. So few were present, however, that it was deemed best to adjourn the meeting until Sunday evening, at which time all who oppose cruelty and inhumanity and the present methods of

killing dogs are invited to meet at the par-lors of the Paxton.

At the meeting an address on the methods of disposing of dogs, and the use of the muz-zie, will be delivered by Dr. Miller, one of the leading humanitarians of the west, and a gentieman who has freely given his time and means to promote and foster the interests of the Omaha Humane society. Last evening Dr. Miller made a few remarks on the importance of taking steps to stop the shooting of dogs, and if the dogs must be killed, let them be chloroformed or drowned, and then people on the streets will not have their lives endangered by the stray bullets from the

dog killers' guns.
The Sunday evening meeting will probably be well attended, and a number of ladies in-terested in the good cause will be present.

During the epidemic of choleric dysentery in Presque Isle county, Mich., last summer there were as many as nine deaths in one day, but not a single death occurred in cases where Chamberlains Colic, Cholera and Diarrheea Remedy was used. In several in-stances one small bottle of that remedy cured as many as three cases.

A NEW SIX-STORY BRICK.

It Will Be Erected By Mr. Ames For S. P. Morse & Co.

THE BEE published exclusively, last evenng, the fact that Mr. Ames, the Boston capitalist and director of the Union Pacific railway, was in Omaba with a view to purchasing the two lots on Farnam street next above the Bank of Commerce, now being erected on the corner of Sixteenth and Farnam streets. Negotiations for these lots have been pending for some days, but yes terday afternoon they were consummated

terday afternoon they were consummated, and in addition to them the lot facing on Sixteenth, on which the Pacific Express company proposed to erect a building.

Mr. Ames will proceed at once to erect a six-story building, L-shaped, the main building fronting on Farnam and the Lou Sixteenth street. As soon as completed this will be occupied by S. P. Morse & Co., who have sixed a to yours! lesse for the proposed. have signed a ten years' lease for the prop-

For a disordered liver try Beecham's Pills.

William 's All Right.

The mysterious disappearance of Witliam Scriminger from his boarding house, 1816 Farnam street, Mouday night, caused considerable uneasiness among that young man's friends, and when he failed to put in an appearance, yesterday morning, there were grave suspicions of foul play, and all sorts of rumors were affoat. The horrible fate of Dr. Cronin was recalled to mind, and the man-Cronin was recalled to mind, and the mangled remains of William Scriminger were even then thought to be somewhere in the sewer. His landlady thought he must be dead, for she said he had never missed a meal, and as William was well liked by all of his acquaintances, a feeling of gloom pervaded the whole neighborhood. But last evening the wanderer returned, looking hale and hearty and stated that he had got and hearty, and stated that he had got into a little trouble here and had skipped to Council Bluffs, until he heard of his friends' alarm, when he concluded to come back.

W. H. Wright, of Rogers, Ark., a proninent farmer and stock grower, says that Swft's Specific cured him of tetter of twenty years' standing. Of course in that time he had a great amount of treatment, and says the wonder is that he did not scratch the flesh from his bones. S. S. S. cured him quick and permanently.

Cutting Down School Expenses. Superintendent James, of the Omaha pub-

deavoring to have some changes made by which the expense of running the schools in the outskirts of the city could be very materially reduced. He said that in some of the schools there are only a few pupils in the higher grades, and yet teachers have to be provided, and the same expense incurred that could answer for a large number of pupils, and in order to overcome this difficulty and bring about the needed reform he sug-gested that in cases where there are only a few of the pupils in a grade, they be required to attend other schools, when the school board will be justified in providing teachers for that particular grade.

Advice to Mothers

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pains, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. 23c a bottle.

The Park Commissioners.

The park commissioners, accompanied by Mr. Cleveland, of Minneapolis, the engineer employed to assist in beautifying Omaha's parks, Mayor Broatch and Chairman Balcombe, of the board of public works, drove over the city yesterday inspecting the various parks. They visited Spring Lake park, South Omaha: Hanscom park, the poor farm, Walnut Hill and Jefferson square. Hansoom park was examined very carefully by Mr. Cleveland, who took numerous notes and observed all points of interest very closely, with the view of giving special at-tention to its improvement. These gentle-men go out again to-day to visit the northern part of the city, the deaf and dumb insti-tute and other points of interest.

Notice.

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s express and the American Express company will transport, free of charge, all contributions of money or supplies to the flooded district of Pennsylvania. Office 11th and C. S. POTTER, Farnam.

General Agent. Another Bridge.

T. A. Harris, the Kansas City bridge contractor and builder, was in Omaha Tuesday with C. B. Stumers, who represents a New York syndicate, interested in the proposition to construct another bridge across the Mis-souri river at this point. They conducted their investigation very quietly and left for Sioux City early yesterday. Mr. Harris said to a confidential friend that the bridge will be undoubtedly be built; that work may be commenced on it this summer, but he could not be prevailed on to furnish other particulars. Examinations have been made of the Harney, Farnam, Capitol avenue and Davenport street crossings.

Proof of His Marriage.

C. M. Lynch was married by Louis Berka, now police judge, in 1886, but neglected to secure a certificate. At present, a person is trying to garnishee Lynch's wages, alleging that he is not married and is, therefore, not entitled to the exemption of men with wives. I ynch could not find any of the witnesses to his marriage, and as a last resort went to Berka. The judge informed him that a cer-tificate of the union could be found at the court house, and Lynch left for that place in a happy frame of mind.

A Hustling Trader.

James A. Finley, United States post trader at Pine Ridge agency, is in the city. Mr. Finley has a reputation through Dakota and other portions of this union as being a successful politician. He is the gentleman who took a train load of republicans to New York on the occasion of James G. Blaine's return from Europe last year and paid their

Always ask for Mihalovitch's Hun-garian blackberry juice with your soda water to retain good health.

FOR THE FLOOD SUFFERERS.

Work of the Citizens' Committee in Raising Funds.

SUB-COMMITTEES APPOINTED.

Contributions Already Pouring in-An Address to the Public-Contribution Boxes and Benefit Days.

Raising Funds.

The citizen's committee on raising funds appointed at the opera house Tuesday night net in the office of the secretary of the board f trade at 10 o'clock yesterday. There was a full attendance of the members and deep interest in the work was manifested. Hon, William A. Paxton was make chairman and Mr. N. Nason secretary.

It was moved and carried that the committee be empowered to elect such additional members as should be deemed necessary, and in accordance with this E. M. Morseman, D. G. Rhoades, W. N. Nason, Cham-pion S. Chase and W. S. Jardine were added

to the committee. Sub-committees were appointed as follows: Press-G. M. Hitchcock. Attorneys-E. M. Bartlett and C. S.

Montgomery. Railroads—J. Nichols. Physicians and Professional Men-Dr. J. B. Ralph and Dr. J. W. Bailey. Clothing Houses-Major Wilcox and Mr.

Telegraph Companies-J. J. Dickey. Coal Dealers—D. G. Rhoads. Drug Stores—J. A. Fuller, W. R. Goodall,

David Lowe and Douglas Egan Lumber Dealers—F. W. Gray and Louis Bradford. Bradford.

Wholesale Dealers—William A. Paxton and W. H. McCord.

Agricultural Machinery Dealers—Euclid Martin and J. M. Metcalf.

Dry Goods Dealers—N. B. Falconer and S. P. Morse.

Real Estate Dealers-A. M. Kitchen, M. Bankers-Alfred Millard, Luther Drake,

William Wallace and F. B. Johnson.

These committees are to solicit donations These committees are to solicit donations from the branches of trade they represent.

Upon motion Ed Peck, of the Omaha club, and Nate Crary, of the Union club, were added to the sub-committees.

The committees were instructed to begin work at once.

Major Charkson presented the following address, which was accepted, and the newspapers were asked to publish it:

TO THE CITIZENS OF OMADA: The cause of humanity demands that our people be not behind other generous cities throughout the land in contributing to the relief of the terrible suffering and distress in the flood sticken

cities and villages of Pennsylvania.

The general committee appointed by a mass meeting of citizens held at Boyd's opera house invites all to contribute liberally, and, if not called upon, to send their contributions to Alfred Millard, the treasurer at the Commercial National bank, and the contributions of ciothing or other supplies to the Kilpatrick-Koch dry goods company, Tweifth and Harney streets. All contributions will be thankfully received and carefully forwarded and accounted for, however small.

The clergymen of the city are invited to make collections in their various churches; teachers to collect the children's mites, and employers to accept the gifts of their em-ployes, and clubs and societies the dona-tions of their members. Let all be generous in this great calamity By order of the committee,

WILLIAM A. PANTON, President.
WILLIAM N. NASON, Secretary.
During the meeting the following contritions were received: Michael Cudat.y, \$50; Union Pacific rail-road officials as headquarters, \$150; Wood-man Linseed Oil works, \$100; Charles Mur-

The committee then adjourned to work Another meeting will be held at the same place at 9 o'clock to morrow morning. The committee appointed by the Pennsyl-

vania club has been hard at work and is succeeding beyond expectations.

The agents of the Adams, Pacific and United lers to ship all monies and articles for relief of the sufferers free. Agent Potter, of the American and Wells Fargo, has not received orders to do so, but will, neverthe less, forward everything sent in hid of the victims of the disaster in Johnstown with

out charge. Articles and money have not begun to come ingas yet, but the agents ex-pect a rush after to-day.

John H. Levy, of this city, who is sup posed to have perished at Johnstown, is or was a stockholder and director in the Byron Read company and a very large property Reed company and a very large property owner. He has resided in Omaha for at least twenty-five years and was only visiting Johnstown at the time of the flood. He was a single man sixty-two years old. He had a mother and three; sisters living in the city of disaster and from the location of their residence Mr. Byron Reed fears that all of them, including Mr. Levy, perished. William Levy, a Levy, perished. William Levy, a her of the missing man, started last

night for the scene. Mr. Levy was last heard from a week ago and at that time was visiting his relatives in that city.

A contribution box has been opened at the Y. M. C. A. building to receive gifts for the sufferers, and the contributions amount to many dollars a day.

Thursday will be a benefit day at the Eder Musee, the receipts go to the relief fund, The Adams express company, which reaches direct all points in the flooded district of Pennsylvania, will most cheerfully forward free all money or merchandise for the relief of the sufferers that may be offered.

Ed Rotnery, the well-known sportsman, nounced that he will donate the re ceipts of his house on Friday to the Johns town sufferers. Mr. Rothery is of the opinion that too much benevolence can not be shown in this case.

The following is the telegram received by Mrs. Alfred Sander, and dated Philadelphia, June 5: "Uncle Alfred is among the saved." The telegram was signed by Charles F. Sander, a nephew of the missing councilman. The latter is at Altoona, Pa., and uninjured.

Lohn F. Poor, a traveling man, at the Pay.

John E. Poor, a traveling man, at the Pax-ton, to-day, was in Johnstown two days be-fore the disaster, and sold goods to men whose names he has since seen among those of the dead. While there, he heard no inti-mation of the weakness of the dam, and doesn't think that the people dreamed of such a catastrophe as has occurred. A meeting of the men at the Union Pacific

A meeting of the men at the Union Pacific shops was held after working hours to devise ways and means for raising aid for the sufferers. George Crandall was elected chairman, Thomas Vickroy, secretary, and C. H. Dally, treasurer. A committee, consisting of the gang foremen, was appointed to solicit funds from the men and turn such sums as they shall receive over to the general treasurer, Alfred Millard.

Noarly \$300 had been collected by the Pennsylvania society up to last night. Those members of the society who have not been

members of the society who have not been called upon can leave their subscriptions with any of the members of the following committee: Paul Charlton, board of trade building; Robert Wells, 208 South Eleventh; C. M. Jackson, Republican office; Charles Cummings, South Omaha; Joseph Redman. 2001 North Fifteenth street.

The local dramatic company which has selected the name of "Once a Week" will appear at the Grand opera house Saturday night in the play, "Amongst the Breakers." February 14 this company appeared at Washington hall, in this city, in the same play, and entertained a large anglance. The cruand entertained a large audience. The en-tire proceeds will be donated to the fund for the relief of the Johnstown sufferers. The management of the Grand opera house have given the use of the house free.

No News of Mrs. Beindorff. Nothing has yet been heard from Mrs. Louis Beindorff, whom, it is feared, was a victim of the Johnstown disaster. The lady, with her thirteen-year-old daughter, left Council Bluffs last Wednesday, and in order to avoid delay, left Culcago at 3:15 p. m., Thursday, which would place her in Johnstown about the time of the flood. Mrs. Beindorff was to leave for Europe on a Bremen line steamer, and August Beneke, the local agent of the line, wired to the New York agents of the company Tuesday, asking if the lady was one of the passengers of the

company, but ap to last night no answer had

Announcements. An unusually large crowd is expected at the Eden' Musee this afternoon and evening. General Director Sackett has generously offered to give the entire door receipts of the afternoon and evening for the benefit of the Johnstown sufferers. The management is making every effort to fill the house at all entertainments and this will be a good opportunity for the children as well as the old, felks to donate to a worthy cause. The Musee will be open from 1 to 5 in the afterhood and from 7 to 10 at night.

SOUTH OMAHA NEWS.

An Opera House Wanted. The approbation of David Anderson's offer to build a \$75,000 opera house comes from every mouth. It has been suggested that the mayor call a meeting to solicit subscriptions and select committees to canvass the city for subscriptions. Some want President Doe to call a board of trade meeting for the same Sons of Veterans.

At the meeting of E. K. Wells' company, Sons of Veterans, held Tuesday evening, the following appointments were made: E. J. Tubbs, chaplain: George A. Bosstresser, first sergeant; D. Flynn, color sergeant; A. B. Harris, sergeant of the guard, and Alfred

Notes About the City. Captain J. W. Cress has returned from

Contractor R. R. Stewart, formerly of this city, is now in Seville, Spain. Seldon Dickinson and sister, Miss Mary Dickinson, of Oberlin, O., on their way to Colorado, are the guests of Dr. and Mrs. W. H. Slabaugh. Patrick Rowley denies that his horse ran

away, as published, and states that the item was given for publication only to injure him. J. Buerhust, of Albright, has removed to Kansas City. Adolph Mueller left Tuesday for Greenwood where he will marry an estimable young woman. On his return Mr. Mueller will go to housekeeping on N street, over J.

Robinson's store. J. S. Damrow has returned from David During May forty-one building permits were issued, yielding the inspector \$59.50 ces, and the value of the buildings was

placed at \$24,455. Frank Humpert will build a \$1,000 building on Twenty-fourth and L streets

DID EVE TALK FRENCH?

She Must Have Used Some Very Polite and Persuasive Tongue.

No subject has been more fertile of speculation than the origin of language, and on few perhaps, can less satisfaction be obtained, says Current Literature. The Jews positively insist that the Hebrew tongue is the primitive language, and that spoken by Adam and Eve. The Arabs, however, dispute the point on antiquity with the Hebrew. Of all the languages, except the Hebrew, the Syriac has had the greatest number of advocates, especially among eastern authors. Many maintain that the language spoken by Adam is lost and that the Hebrew, Chaldee and Arabic are only dialects of the original tongue. Goropius published a work in 1850 to prove that Dutch was the language spoken in paradise. * Andre Kemb maintained that God spoke to Adam in Swedish, Adam answered in Danish, and Eve spoke in French, while the Perisians believe three languages to have been spoken in paradise—Arabic, the most persuasive, by the serpent; Persian, the most poetic, by Adam and Eve, and Turkish, the most threatening, by the Angel Gabriel. Erro claims Basque as the language spoken by Adam, and others would make the Polynesian the primitive language of maukind. Leaving, however, these startling theories, we may sum up in the words of Darwin: "With respect to the origin of articulate languages, after having read on the one side the highly interesting work of Wedgewood, Farrai and Professor Schleicher, and the celebrated lecture of Professor Max Muller on the other side. I can not doubt that languages owes its origin to the imitar tion and modification, aided by signs and gestures, of natural sounds, voices

of other animals, and man's own cries. The Thread Trust. The sewing thread pool is in trouble. The Clark, Willimanic & Coats company are in the "combination," they recently notified the Merrick thread company that unless it would enter into an arrangement about the price of six-cord 200 yards spool cotton its business would be ruined. The Merrick company refused to go into the combination, whereupon the price of the other brands were dropped 16 per cent, with a threat that it would go still lower unless the Merrick thread company would come into an arrangement with them in relation to prices. These institutions have been robbing the sewing women of the country for years, says the Indianapolis Sentinel, under the protection of the 53 per cent duty on spool cotton. "It is pleasant to see that they are yielding up 16 per cent of their plunder, if only for a brief season. For the probability is that after a brief war of rates they will join in a common pool to make all the money that the tariff intended to give them, and they will reduce the wages of their work-people as much as the supply and demand of labor will permit.

An Educated Apache. Charles H. Kenyon, of Globe, A. T., is in receipt of a letter dated Chicago, May 3, 1889, from Carlos Montezuma. M. D., a full blooded Apache, whose Indian name was Was-sa-jah. He was captured by the Pimas in 1870, says the Arizona Silver Belt, in the Pinal mountains, and two years later was sold by them to a photographer, who took Montezuma to Chicago, since which time he has lived in the Lake City and continuously attended schools colleges until last month he graduated from medical college and the degree of bachelor of science was conferred on him, and he is now a practicing physician in Chicago. On centennial day he delivered the oration in one of the leading

educational institutions in that city.

At the time of his capture by the Pimas, two of his sisters were taken into bondage, and were subsequently sold for two cows. One of them now lives in Globe, and is the wife of a Mexican. The other sister was taken by white people in 1872 or '73 to California where she now lives, her sister thinks in San Francisco. The mother is still a ward of the government and lives on the San Carlos reservotion.

Dr. Montezamo writes a legible hand and his letter gives evidence of a wel educated mind and is filled with expres sions of affection for his mother and

Red Clover.

The full value of red clover has but recently become known, and in a comparatively limited territory, though it was introduced into the United States some time prior to the revolution, being known and evitivated by all the leading husbandmen of ancient Europe; but up to within a comparatively recent date its management was such as not to show its super-excellent qualities. But this s a scientific era, and the experiments lately made have developed fact after fact which have demonstrated beyond a doubt its superior qualities, not only for one use, but for many.

CONTRACTORS' COMBINE.

It is Said to Have Knocked Out the Kansas Pavers.

TEBBETT'S FIGURES ON STONE.

The Checks Given By George Jenkins Forfeited By the Board of Pub-He Works-Contracts Awarded.

Board of Public Works.

The board of public works met yesterday, all the members being present. George Jenkins, president of the Kansas Paving and Construction company, was also in attend ance accompanied by Attorney Haie, of Kansas City, Kan. The former had come to secure the return of his two checks for \$1,000 each deposited with the board for the performance of the contracts secured by the

firm to pave and curb with Colorado sand stone certain streets and alleys in the city Chairman Balcombe notified Mr. Jenkins that his checks had been cashed and that the money was now in his hands. He also notified him that the failure of the company to furnish bonds for the performance of the work had in itself forfeited the checks which had been deposited.

The other members of the board coincided with the chairman in this opinion, whereupon the attorney notified the board that it was the intention of the company to make a formal demand for the checks in question.
The demand was made in the following

The undersigned Kansas Paving and Con struction company hereby demand of you the return of two thousand dollars (\$2,000) heretofore deposited with you as guarantee in matter of binding for certain public work in Omaha, the contract for the work bid for by said company having been awarded to other parties.

ther parties. George Jenkins,
President.
The demand, it will be noticed, is made of the ground that the contract "was awarded to other parties."

The document was filed and a certified

copy of the record will be furnished the con-testants as a basis of legal action, which the company announces it proposes to take.

On motion, the contract of the Kansas people for paying with Colorado sandstone was awarded to J. W. Furnace for \$2.22 per square yard. This bidder was the next lowest to the Kansas concern. The former's bid was \$2.17. The contract of the same company for Col

orado sandstone curbing was let to J. Regan for 79 cents per lineal foot. The bid of the former was 75 cents. Action was deferred in the letting of the t for paving with Galesburg which had also been awarded ontract on, brick, the to the Kansas people. Hugh Mur phy is the next lowest budger, at \$1.93, the Kansas company's figure being \$2.14. Murphy's bid was on vitrified brick. If he agrees to furnish Galesburg brick, as called for in the specifications, which it is understood he will, the contract will be awarded him. The bonds for these three contracts must be filed within three days. ontracts must be filed within three days.

Mr. Jenkins being asked what he had to say regarding the forfeiting of his checks, said: "Why, they can't do that. They can't wilfully destroy a man's property. If they can do anything it would be to sue for damages because of our failure to comply with the contract."

ply with the contract."
"Why did you decline to perform the contract?"
"Because we could not do so without losing money. We had been given figures by
the Union Pacific showing at what rate it
would be willing to furnish us stone. We
based our contract prices on those figures.
The road afterwards refused to furnish us
stone for the original figures, raising the
price eighteen cents a foot. We could not
stand it. Of course we would lose money."
"How do you account for the raise in the "How do you account for the raise in the

"Why your contractors have done us up They influenced the road and were knocked

"What contractors do you suspect?" "What contractors do you suspect?"
"Oh, I can't say. Let them come down to Kansas and we will try the same deal on them."
"Whom did you get your figures on stone from in the Union Pacific?"

"Mr. Tebbets. Look here."
The speaker handed The Bee man the folwing communication: Union Pacific Railway, General

FREIGHT DEPARTMENT, OMARA, March 29, 1883,—Mr. George Jenkins, care Paxton Hotel—Dear Sir: I am just in receipt of advice from Denver stating that paving blocks are \$1.02 per yard and 5x20 curbing at 40 cents per lineal foot, F. O. B., Omaha. Yours truly, J. S. Tenners. ours truly, J. S. Terrets.
"These figures," continued the contractor "were not common ones. They were even lower than figures in a circular which was scattered about generally, the price for stone in it being \$1.66, while you see they switched for us as low as \$1.62. That includes freight But after we had put in our bid they re fused to let us have stone for less than \$1.80 and that was stone which they had already in Omeha. To bring the stone specially from Colorado would cost us \$1.84%. Curbing was set at 56 cents and now they want 75 cents. If that ain't a game of freeze out.

what is it? Now why should we lose \$2,000 because of the ability of contractors to manipulate the Union Pacific?" Said an official of the board of public works: "Why did the Kansas people leave the filing of their bond until the thirtyfourth day when only thirty days are al-lowed by law? Why did they not notify us that they could not fulfil the contract? Other contractors file their bonds immediately after getting a contract. If they had done that, the contract could have been let to another contractor three weeks ago and by this time the work would have been commenced. They have delayed us nearly a month."

Ladies' Aid Society. At Goodrich hall, Thursday, June 6, a very attractive programme, including club swinging by Prof. Gwathmay, Shakespearean reading by Prof. Dick, and singing will be rendered. During the afternoon and evening there will be on sale a large assortment of articles of all kinds. The affair will be con-ducted by the Ladies' Aid society and the Young People's Society of Christian En-deavor of the Seward Street Methodist

Catarrh

expelled from the system, there can be no cure for this loathsome and dangerous malady. Therefore, the only effective treatment is a thorough course of Ayer's Sarsaparilla - the best of all blood purifiers. The sconer you begin the better; delay is dangerous.

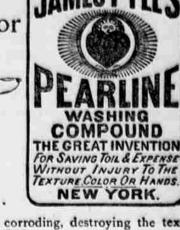
"I was troubled with catarrh for over two years. I tried various remedies, and was treated by a number of physicians, but received no benefit until I began to take Ayer's Sarsaparilla. A few bottles of this medicine cured me of this troublesome complaint and com-pletely restored my health."—Jesse M. Boggs, Holman's Mills, N. C.

"When Ayer's Sarsaparilla was recommended to me for catarrh, I was inclined to doubt its efficacy. Having tried so many remedies, with little benrried so many remedies, with fittle ben-efit, I had no faith that anything would cure me. I became emaciated from loss of appetite and impaired digestion. I had nearly lost the sense of smell, and my system was badly deranged. I was about discouraged, when a friend urged my to try Ayer's Sarsangrilla, and reabout discouraged, when a friend urged me to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and re-ferred me to persons whom it had cured of catarrh. After taking half a dozen bottles of this medicine, I am convinced that the only sure way of treating this obstinate disease is through the blood." — Charles H. Maloney, 113 River st., Lowell, Mass.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Frice \$1; six bottles, \$5. Worth \$5 a bottle.

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Chemical analysis will prove that Pearline has no caustic qualities, but that the ingredients of which it is made have been so skilfully manipulated, that Pearline stands to-day the greatest household detergent known. Science applauds it; its rapid adoption by intelligent and economical housekeepers, who use many millions of packages each year, is proof positive that science and chemistry are right. These facts should lead those who do not use Pearline, to try it at once; directions for easy washing on every package.

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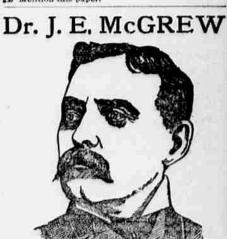
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